LPD Case Number: C4-000331

# IN THE COUNTY COURT OF LANCASTER COUNTY, NEBRASKA

C1224-1

SEARCH WARRANT RETURN

IN THE MATTER OF THE SEARCH WARRANT OF THE DESCRIBED PREMISES OF LINCOLN POLICE DEPARTMENT 575 SOUTH 10TH STREET LINCOLN, LANCASTER COUNTY, NEBRASKA

STATE OF NEBRASKA

SS,

COUNTY OF LANCASTER

The undersigned states that he received the Search Warrant issued herein on the 5th day of March, 2024, and that he executed the same on the 11th day of March, 2024, by seizing the property described in the Inventory filed herein and by delivering a copy of the Search Warrant for the said property at the place from which the property is taken.

Corey/L. Weinmaster #883

SUBSCRIBED to in my presence and sworn to before me this  $12^{\text{th}}$  day of <u>March</u>, 20<u>24</u>.

Muler



002162875D02

ANCASTER COUNT

PM 4:2

#### INVENTORY

#### IN THE COUNTY COURT OF LANCASTER COUNTY, NEBRASKA

IN THE MATTER OF THE SEARCH WARRANT OF THE DESCRIBED PREMISES OF LINCOLN POLICE DEPARTMENT 575 SOUTH 10TH STREET LINCOLN, LANCASTER COUNTY, NEBRASKA

| STATE OF NEBRASKA   | ) |  |
|---------------------|---|--|
|                     | ) |  |
| COUNTY OF LANCASTER | ) |  |

## INVENTORY OF PROPERTY SEIZED BY VIRTUE OF THE SEARCH WARRANT ISSUED HEREIN

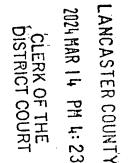
Corey L. Weinmaster, being first duly sworn on oath, deposes and says the following is an inventory of the property seized by virtue of the Search Warrant issued herein:

SS.

The following is a list of the items seized and removed as evidence during the execution of a search warrant at the premise of the Lincoln Police Department, 575 South 10th Street, Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska.

iPhone 7 under Q2400083

Activity Sensor Data - 12 Applications Usage Log - 533 Call Log - 59 Cell Towers - 109 Chats - 26 Contacts - 970 Cookies - 69 **Device Events - 708 Device Notifications - 20** Instant Messages - 5 Locations - 1612 Passwords - 57 Searched Items - 1 SIM Data - 9 User Accounts - 7 Web History - 183 Wireless Networks - 310 Timeline - 4680 Images - 104



..2

Warrant Return & Inventory

Inventory made in the presence of Derek Dittman #1551.

Corey Z. Mennaster #883

SUBSCRIBED to in my presence and sworn to before me this  $12^{\text{th}}$  day of <u>March</u>, 20<u>24</u>.

Dunn Murlan Notary Public



## **RECEIPT OF SEIZED ITEMS**

The following is a list of the items seized and removed as evidence during the execution of a search warrant at the premise of the Lincoln Police Department, 575 South 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska.

#### iPhone 7 under Q2400083

- Activity Sensor Data 12
- Applications Usage Log 533
- Call Log 59
- Cell Towers 109
- Chats 26
- Contacts 970
- Cookies 69
- Device Events 708
- Device Notifications 20
- Instant Messages 5
- Locations 1612
- Passwords 57
- Searched Items 1
- SIM Data 9
- User Accounts -7
- Web History 183
- Wireless Networks 310
- Timeline 4680
- Images 104

ANCASTER COUNTY

Date 3/11/24

ennest #883 1.1

Law Enforcement Officer

Witness

1

## IN THE COUNTY OF LANCASTER COUNTY, NEBRASKA

| STATE OF NEBRASKA   | )     |    |
|---------------------|-------|----|
|                     | ) ss. | SE |
| COUNTY OF LANCASTER | )     |    |

) ) ss. SEARCH WARRANT

TO: Officer Ogan #1823, a law enforcement officer with the Lincoln Police Department, Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska, any and all law enforcement officers, and agents thereof.

WHEREAS, Officer Ogan #1823 has filed an Affidavit before the undersigned Judge of the County Court of Lancaster County, Nebraska, and said written Affidavit, having been duly considered, the court finds that the facts set forth in said Affidavit are true, and that those facts do constitute grounds and probable cause for the issuance of a Search Warrant.

THEREFORE, you are commanded to search and seize the items as described in **Attachment A**, hereby attached and incorporated by reference, to include any specific authorization as contained in **Attachment A**.

THEREFORE, you are commanded to execute and return this Search Warrant in the manner as prescribed in **Attachment A**.

| Given under my hand and seal this <u>5</u> day of <u>wrach</u> , 2024.   | 1. 11 |
|--|-------|
| LANCASTER COUNTY<br>2024 MAR 14 PM 4: 24<br>CLERK OF THE<br>District County<br>Point<br>Marter<br>District County<br>District Count |       |

# ATTACHMENT A: Digital Device(s) to Be Searched

Law enforcement and those assisting law enforcement is directed to seize and search the following:

• Black Apple IPhone, to include any digital device within, located in the Lincoln Police Property & Evidence Unit at 575 South 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska, labeled with Property Number Q2400083 and Case Number C4-000331.

for the following evidence, to include any live and/or deleted data to include including any live and/or deleted data for the time frame of 01/02/2024, specifically for the seizure of following items:

- 1. Device identifiers, information and configurations.
- 2. User account information and any associated accounts on the device.
- 3. Databases and file systems.
- 4. Device activity logs and application usage logs
- 5. Call logs.
- 6. Contact lists.
- 7. Short Message Service (SMS), Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) messages and instant messages.
- 8. Chat messages from installed applications.
- 9. Email messages.
- 10. Installed applications and their corresponding accounts and data.
- 11. Images and associated metadata.
- 12. Videos, and associated metadata.
- 13. Audio files, including voicemails, and associated metadata.
- 14. Document files and associated metadata.
- 15. Internet browsing history, including bookmarks, searches, browser cookies and other associated cache files.
- 16. Location data to include cellular tower connections, GPS (Global Positioning System) fixes, waypoints, routes, tracks, maps, and associated metadata.
- 17. Wireless networks, Bluetooth, IP addresses, and synchronization connection history.
- 18. Memos and notes (typed and voice).
- 19. User dictionary.
- 20. Calendar information.
- 21. Passwords, keychains.

To obtain and search the data from the aforementioned digital device, law enforcement and/or those assisting may:

- Obtain data from the physical memory of the digital device itself as well as from any data storage devices housed within the digital device, specifically Secure Digital (SD) and Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) cards;
- 2. Obtain data from the aforementioned digital device's active file system, as well as unallocated space as to recover deleted data and file fragments;
- 3. Obtain data by making unobtrusive revocable setting changes to permit the digital extraction of the data unless the digital device requires disassembly to obtain the desired data which may render the device inoperable;
- 4. Copy, forensically image, view, photograph, record, and/or conduct forensic analysis of the data obtained;
- 5. Enlist the aid of non-law enforcement, who are trained in conducting forensic analysis of the data in retrieving and analyzing the data. When files have been deleted, they can be potentially recovered later using forensic tools. A person with familiarity with how digital devices work may, after examining the data, be able to draw conclusions about how the device was used, the purpose of its use, who used it, where, and when; and/or
- 6. Be required to examine every file and scan its contents briefly to determine whether it falls within the scope of the warrant. This is necessary as it is difficult to know prior to the search the level of technical ability of the device's user and data can be hidden, moved, encoded or mislabeled to evade detection.
- 7. Remove the digital device to another location conduct the digital forensic examination and/or analysis.

The search of digital devices is a lengthy process requiring special steps to ensure the integrity of the digital devices. In the event the search and/or seizure of evidence is not completed within ten (10) days, law enforcement is authorized to return the search warrant within ten (10) days upon completion of the search and seizure.

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## IN THE COUNTY COURT OF LANCASTER COUNTY, NEBRASKA

# **STATE OF NEBRASKA** ) ss. AFFIDAVIT FOR SEARCH WARRANT **COUNTY OF LANCASTER** )

Molly Ogan, being first duly sworn upon oath deposes and states that she is an Officer for the Lincoln Police Department, Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska. AFFIANT states she is currently involved in the investigation of a USE EXPLOSIVES TO COMMIT FELONY 1<sup>ST</sup> OFF, Statute 28-1222(2)(F2A), occurring on 01-02-2024, at 2343 B Street, Lincoln, Lancaster County Nebraska. AFFIANT has reviewed case reports regarding this 2024 MAR 14 PH 4: 24 investigation prepared by other involved Law Enforcement Officers. CLERK OF TH

#### Affiant's Background

Your Affiant has been a police officer for the Lincoln Police Department since 20 Since 2018, Affiant has been investigating misdemeanor and felony crimes with the Lincoln Police Department to include: homicide, burglary, robbery, sexual assault, human trafficking, child enticement, and pornography. Your Affiant has training and experience in conducting criminal investigations.

This Affidavit is submitted in support of a search warrant. Your Affiant may not have set forth every fact known to your Affiant regarding this investigation. The information contained in this Affidavit is from your Affiant's criminal investigation and may include information provided by other law enforcement, or others.

#### Case Facts

On January 2, 2024, at approximately 1022 hours, Officers with the Lincoln Police Department were dispatched to 2343 B Street Lincoln, Lancaster County Nebraska, on reports of a loud bang that sounded like a gunshot. The caller, Makynna Morris, said the hallway smelled like gunpowder and the entire building shook. Upon arriving at the scene, officers located a small black mark on the concrete in the breezeway, and pieces of debris similar to that of an artillery shell firework. Officers could see smoke in the air, coupled with the smell of gunpowder. The hallway appeared to still be smoldering, and Lincoln Fire and Rescue was summoned. Officers located white, blue and red cardboard shards on the ground with green and blue plastic BBs. A scorch mark was observed on the concrete hallway indicating where the explosion occurred, with red and blue streaks burned into the concrete.

ANCASTER COUNTY

A second caller, Crystal Wilson, identified the suspect as Travis Dillon. Wilson said Dillon fled the area after detonating a half stick of dynamite in the hallway outside of her apartment. Wilson described Dillon as wearing glasses, a black stocking cap and a black coat, driving a brown Honda Accord. Dillon's last known address is 4600 Briarpak Drive #514 Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska and DMV records show Dillon is the registered owner of a bronze 2006 Honda Accord, Nebraska plate YRI917. A review of LPD record management system show Dillon is a known associate of Wilson.

Wilson reported Dillon knocked on her door at approximately midnight earlier that morning and left two rounds of .223 ammunition on her welcome mate. Wilson said she shouted she was sleeping and refused to open the door. Dillon replied, 'I'm gonna leave these outside for you'. After Dillon left, Wilson opened the door and found the ammunition. Dillon returned around 0500 hours, knocked on the door, and left again without confrontation. Dillon texted Wilson at 0859 hours 'I think I should blow up your fuckin artpment building GET.REaDY'.

Officers responded to 4600 Briarpark Drive, Lincoln, Lancaster County Nebraska at approximately 1039 hours, and upon arrival did not observe the Honda. As Officers approached the building, where #514 is located, a male matching Dillon's description was also observed approaching the building. Officer yelled, 'Hey Travis' and the male responded to them. Dillon was then detained and placed in handcuffs.

During a search of Dillon's clothing, officers located a black cell phone, a six inch fixed blade knife with a finger hole on the handle, a green envelope containing marijuana, and his Nebraska driver's license. Dillon was read and waived his Miranda rights, and admitted to knowing Wilson. Dillon said he and Wilson had been in a dating relationship for the previous six months. Dillon ultimately denied setting off any explosive device at her apartment complex, even when confronted with the text message evidence. Dillon was asked for consent to search his vehicle and apartment, and he gave consent to search to the officers while also providing them with the keys to both the vehicle and the apartment.

Dillons vehicle was located in the apartment complex just east of his apartment building. While searching the vehicle, officers located a white, with blue and red spiraling, 6-inch cylinder with black tape covering one half, consistent with the color of debris found at the scene of the explosion. This cylinder appeared to be a very large homemade explosive device. The device was carefully placed on the front passenger seat, and Lincoln Fire and Rescue was notified. Bomb Investigator Tim Stohlman responded and determined the device was half-full of explosive powder and weighed more than the statutory requirement to meet the definition of an explosive device. Dillon referred to the device found in his vehicle as 'dynamite' and described it as 'TNT'. Dillon denied making the device and said he purchased it from someone, but refused to tell Officers the identity of that person.

Upon entering apartment #514, a live .223 caliber round and narcotics paraphernalia was located in the coffee table in the living room. Approximately four bundles of bottle

rockets were located in a cabinet in the main bedroom. Numerous computer/electronic parts were observed throughout the apartment in plain view. During the search of the apartment, Dillon revoked consent to search at which time the apartment was secured and held for further investigation.

#### Attachments

Include Name of Attachment Exactly Attachment A: Digital Device(s) to be searched Attachment B: Technical Information Regarding the Search of Digital Devices.

Your Affiant requests authorization to search for and seize the listed items in Attachment A, hereby attached and incorporated by reference.

Attachment B contains technical information pertinent to the search of digital devices and is intended to provide an overview of the service. This information is based on the training and experience of Your Affiant and/or other members of the Lincoln Police Department.

The above does constitute grounds of probable cause for the issuance of a search warrant to search and seize the evidence specifically identified in Attachment A, to include any specific authorization requested authorization to be ordered by the court.

Further AFFIANT saith not;

Dated this 5<sup>m</sup> day of March 2024. #1603

Molly Ogan AFFIANT

SUBSCRIBED to in my presence and sworn to before me this 5 day of marcht , 2024.

of the County Court

Printed Name of Judge

## ATTACHMENT A: Digital Device(s) to Be Searched

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- 12. Videos, and associated metadata.
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- 14. Document files and associated metadata.
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- 16. Location data to include cellular tower connections, GPS (Global Positioning System) fixes, waypoints, routes, tracks, maps, and associated metadata.
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- 2. Obtain data from the aforementioned digital device's active file system, as well as unallocated space as to recover deleted data and file fragments;
- 3. Obtain data by making unobtrusive revocable setting changes to permit the digital extraction of the data unless the digital device requires disassembly to obtain the desired data which may render the device inoperable;
- 4. Copy, forensically image, view, photograph, record, and/or conduct forensic analysis of the data obtained;
- 5. Enlist the aid of non-law enforcement, who are trained in conducting forensic analysis of the data in retrieving and analyzing the data. When files have been deleted, they can be potentially recovered later using forensic tools. A person with familiarity with how digital devices work may, after examining the data, be able to draw conclusions about how the device was used, the purpose of its use, who used it, where, and when; and/or
- 6. Be required to examine every file and scan its contents briefly to determine whether it falls within the scope of the warrant. This is necessary as it is difficult to know prior to the search the level of technical ability of the device's user and data can be hidden, moved, encoded or mislabeled to evade detection.
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The search of digital devices is a lengthy process requiring special steps to ensure the integrity of the digital devices. In the event the search and/or seizure of evidence is not completed within ten (10) days, law enforcement is authorized to return the search warrant within ten (10) days upon completion of the search and seizure.

# ATTACHMENT B: Technical Information Regarding the Search of Digital Devices

Through your Affiant's training and past experience, and from information provided by Electronic Evidence Unit forensic examiners, your Affiant is aware that:

Digital device data can provide valuable insight for criminal investigations. Digital devices are used by the general public for communication, access to and sharing of information, research, socialization, entertainment, mapping, shopping, note taking and other functionality. Individuals also use digital devices for the aforementioned purposes, and as a tool for facilitating criminal activity.

Digital devices are often used to communicate via voice, text messaging, social media or other communication applications; and share data with other users and that such digital data can be transferred between various digital devices. Information associated with such data may show evidence of current, on-going, future, and past criminal activity as well as assist law enforcement in determining identity and culpability of participants, including identifying those with knowledge of a criminal offense or identify those who have aided a criminal participant in the commission of a criminal offense, victims and/or witnesses. As such, digital devices possessed by criminal participants can serve both as an instrument for committing crime as well as a storage medium for evidence of the crime, including communications to plan, execute, and otherwise document the commission of a criminal of a crime.

There have been numerous instances where criminal participants utilized digital devices to photograph themselves, associates and/or co-conspirators, and victims; instances in which digital devices were used by criminal participants to create videos of their criminal activity; instances where criminals participants have used digital devices' internet applications to research crimes they have or intend to participate in; instances in which criminal participants have maintained notes within digital devices; and instances in which criminal participants used global positioning, mapping and other location services to facilitate in-person meetings with co-conspirators and/or a victim.

On a digital device, data can be created in a matter of moments because most operations can be performed almost instantly, which would be relevant to the incident being investigated. The data can be created intentionally or accidentally by the user, or automatically by the device itself as a part of its regular functioning.

Electronic evidence can remain on the digital devices for indefinite periods of time after the data was created, even if deleted by the user. Data generally is stored on the physical memory of the digital device, but also can be stored on removable storage devices such as Secure Digital (SD) and Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) cards. A forensic examiner may be able to recover information deleted by the user throughout the working life span of the device.

The following are examples of how types of data on digital devices can assist investigators. A full, all-inclusive list would be impossible due to the ever-increasing development of digital devices and their applications:

- Phone information, configurations, calendar events, notes and user account information which can be used to identify or confirm who owns or was using a digital device. Because of their small size, digital devices can easily be passed from one person. As such it is necessary to document evidence that reveals or suggests who possessed or used the device. This evidence is akin to the search for venue items when executing a search warrant at a residence.
- 2. Call logs can establish familiarity between people involved in an incident. These records are consistently stamped with dates and times which can be significant regarding the reconstruction of the timeline of events regarding an investigation. Associated contact lists stored in the device can provide names to correspond with voice calls as well as other forms of communication. Voicemails can indicate the purpose of the phone call when the phone call was not answered. This information can also be invaluable to establish conspirators, witnesses, and suspect information.
- 3. Data from associated supplemental software applications (apps), both standard and manually installed, stored on the digital devices can demonstrate the user's association with investigated people, locations, and events. Digital devices can run apps which allow them to increase their functionality. Common programs include social media applications, such as Facebook, as well as messaging applications Snapchat and Facebook Messenger to name a few. These applications are increasingly used as alternative methods for users to communicate from the standard messaging service as they offer additional functionality. Many of these applications can determine the user's geographic location which can be instrumental to completing an investigation.
- 4. Media files such as images, videos, audio, and documents provide first-hand documentation of actions regarding an event. Additionally, files can contain embedded metadata that show additional information which is valuable to investigators such as when and where the file was created. Digital devices can create, store and exchange media with other devices and computers.

Your Affiant seeks to complete a comprehensive and unbiased examination of the data on the device for information which could aid in the investigation; seeking only prescribed information would jeopardize the completeness of the search as it is typically unknown how the electronic device was used or the technical ability and intent of the user before the device has been examined. As with other types of evidence, the context, location, and data surrounding information in the device data is often necessary to understand whether evidence falls within the scope of the search warrant. This type of information will be important to the forensic examiner's ability to piece together and recognize evidence of the above-listed crimes.

Your Affiant knows that digital devices are constantly changing system data on the device as programmed by their manufacturer. Additionally, your Affiant knows that searching the digital device itself would irreversibly alter data and/or evidence on the device. To search a device for evidence, the commonly accepted best practice of digital forensics is to utilize forensic software to obtain an extraction of the data on the device. Attempts will be made to obtain the devices data by only making unobtrusive revocable changes to the system settings to permit the extraction of the data. If necessary, the digital device may require disassembly to obtain the desired data which may render the device. The extraction is then searched using analysis software to locate, identify, and seize the evidence authorized by this warrant. The device and the image are then preserved in evidence.

The digital device has been stored in a manner in which its/their contents are, to the extent material to this investigation, substantially the same state as when it first came into the possession of law enforcement.